

Particle Interactions

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Examples

1. Which of the following are possible?

$$\begin{array}{rclclcl}
 \text{(a)} & n & \longrightarrow & p & + & e^- & + & \bar{\nu}_e \\
 & Q & 0 & \rightarrow & +1 & -1 & & 0 \\
 & B & +1 & \rightarrow & +1 & 0 & & 0 \\
 & L & 0 & \rightarrow & 0 & +1 & & -1 \\
 & S & 0 & \rightarrow & 0 & 0 & & 0
 \end{array}$$

All of the quantities are conserved, so this β decay is possible.

$$\begin{array}{rclclcl}
 \text{(b)} & \Lambda^0 & \longrightarrow & p & + & \pi^- \\
 & Q & 0 & \rightarrow & +1 & -1 \\
 & B & +1 & \rightarrow & +1 & 0 \\
 & L & 0 & \rightarrow & 0 & 0 \\
 & S & -1 & \rightarrow & 0 & 0
 \end{array}$$

Q , B and L are conserved, and the strangeness changes by $+1$ in this weak decay.

2. Identify particle X:

$$\begin{array}{rclclclclcl}
 & p & + & \pi^- & \longrightarrow & n & + & \pi^0 & + & \pi_- & + & X \\
 Q & +1 & & -1 & \rightarrow & 0 & & 0 & & -1 & & +1 \\
 B & +1 & & 0 & \rightarrow & +1 & & 0 & & 0 & & 0 \\
 L & 0 & & 0 & \rightarrow & 0 & & 0 & & 0 & & 0 \\
 S & 0 & & 0 & \rightarrow & 0 & & 0 & & 0 & & 0
 \end{array}$$

From its properties, the particle X must be a π^+ .