### Gravitational Fields

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# Warm up problems

- 1 Use Newton's Law to calculate the force on a 1 kg object held 1 m above the Earth's surface, if the Earth's radius is 6400 km and its mass is  $6.0 \times 10^{24}$  kg.
- 2 Use F = mg to calculate the force on a 1 kg object held 1 m above the surface of the Earth, if g = 9.81 m s<sup>-2</sup>.
- 3 Use Newton's Law to calculate the force on a 1 kg object held 6400 km above the Earth's surface, if the Earth's radius is 6400 km and its mass is  $6.0 \times 10^{24}$  kg.

# Lesson Objectives

- 1 To learn what a field is.
- 2 To be able to draw G field lines in simple cases.
- 3 To calculate gravitational field strength g

**REMINDER**: Office hours are week 1 Tuesdays 3.45–5.0 p.m. in room 19.

Next office hours: Tuesday 25 September 2012

## Specification Requirement

#### **Gravitational field strength**

Concept of a force field as a region in which a body experiences a force. Representation by gravitational field lines.

[AQA GCE AS and A Level Specification Physics A, 2009/10 onwards]

- 2 Two satellites A and B of the same mass are going around Earth in concentric orbits. The distance of satellite B from Earth's center is twice that of satellite A. What is the ratio of the centripetal force acting on B to that acting on A?
  - (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - (d)  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$
  - (e)

- 1 The Moon does not fall to Earth because
  - (a) It is in Earth's gravitational field.
  - (b) The net force on it is zero.
  - (c) It is beyond the main pull of Earth's gravity.
  - (d) It is being pulled by the Sun and planets as well as by Earth.
  - (e) all of the above
  - (f) none of the above

- 3 Two satellites A and B of the same mass are going around Earth in concentric orbits. The distance of satellite B from Earth's center is twice that of satellite A. What is the ratio of the tangential speed of B to that of A?
  - (a)  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - (b)  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$
  - (c) 1
  - (d)  $\sqrt{2}$
  - (e) 2

# ConcepTest

- 3 Two heavy spheres of radius R and mass M are just touching each other, and each feels an attractive force F towards the other sphere. If two spheres of the same material but radius 2R are now placed next to each other, what will the force between them be?
  - (a)  $\frac{F}{2}$
  - (b) *F*
  - (c) 2F
  - (d) 4*F*
  - (e) 16F